

Session 3

Understanding the 2 5 1 Chord sequence and Guide Tones (Bass Clef Instruments)

arr R Michael

So far the two tunes we have used for improvisation have used just the basic chord changes. However, any tune will sound more colourful and interesting by using the 2 5 1 Chord Sequence where appropriate.
If every note of a major scale is given a number and on that number a series of thirds are stacked, then the chord on 2 will be a Minor 7th, 5 a dominant, and 1 a Major 7th.

A bass clef staff in 2/4 time. Above the staff are the chords A-7, D7, and GΔ. Below the staff are the numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 1, corresponding to the notes on each string respectively.

So nowbecomes.....and if we re-arrange (ie "voice") the chord tones

A bass clef staff in 2/4 time. Above the staff are the chords G, D7, G, A-7, D7, and GΔ. The notes are rearranged to highlight the 3rds and 7ths of each chord.

We have all the "voices" moving to the nearest note of the next chord, the most important of which are the 3rds and 7ths - Guide Tones.

A bass clef staff in 2/4 time. Above the staff are the chords A-7, D7, GΔ, A-7, D7, and GΔ. The notes are rearranged to highlight the 3rds and 7ths of each chord.

"Mhairi's Wedding" using 2 5 1

A bass clef staff in 2/4 time. The staff shows a bass line with grace notes and slurs, corresponding to the chords A-7, D7, and GΔ.

A bass clef staff in 2/4 time. The staff shows a bass line with grace notes and slurs, corresponding to the chords A-7, D7, and GΔ.

2

Musical notation for the first two bars of "The Wheels on the Bus". The key signature is G major (no sharps or flats). The melody is in the bass clef staff, and the chords are indicated above the staff.

Bar 1: GΔ (two measures of eighth-note patterns)

Bar 2: A-7 (one measure of eighth-note pattern) followed by D7 (one measure of eighth-note pattern)

Musical notation for the third and fourth bars of "The Wheels on the Bus". The key signature is G major (no sharps or flats). The melody is in the bass clef staff, and the chords are indicated above the staff.

Bar 3: GΔ (one measure of eighth-note pattern) followed by A-7 (one measure of eighth-note pattern) followed by D7 (one measure of eighth-note pattern)

Bar 4: D7 (one measure of eighth-note pattern)

"The Wheels on the Bus" using 2 5 1 (and in bar 2 Chord 3 and 6)

Musical notation for the first six bars of "The Wheels on the Bus" using a 2 5 1 progression. The key signature is G major (no sharps or flats). The melody is in the bass clef staff, and the chords are indicated above the staff.

Bar 1: GΔ (two measures of eighth-note patterns)

Bar 2: A-7 (one measure of eighth-note pattern) followed by B-7 (one measure of eighth-note pattern) followed by E-7 (one measure of eighth-note pattern)

Bar 3: A-7 (one measure of eighth-note pattern) followed by D7 (one measure of eighth-note pattern)

Musical notation for the final bars of "The Wheels on the Bus" using a 2 5 1 progression. The key signature is G major (no sharps or flats). The melody is in the bass clef staff, and the chords are indicated above the staff.

Bar 4: GΔ (two measures of eighth-note patterns)

Bar 5: A-7 (one measure of eighth-note pattern) followed by B-7 (one measure of eighth-note pattern) followed by E-7 (one measure of eighth-note pattern)

Bar 6: A-7 (one measure of eighth-note pattern) followed by D7 (one measure of eighth-note pattern) followed by GΔ (one measure of eighth-note pattern)